37 Am. Jur. 2d Fraud and Deceit § 13

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Fraud and Deceit

George Blum, J.D., John Bourdeau, J.D., Romualdo P. Eclavea, J.D., Janice Holben, J.D., Karl Oakes, J.D. and Eric C. Surette, J.D.

- I. Overview
- **B.** Nature and Effect

§ 13. Generally; nature—Rationale underlying cause of action

Topic Summary | Correlation Table | References

West's Key Number Digest

West's Key Number Digest, Fraud 1

Torts such as fraud and deceit rest on the notion that the parties should not be able to create an informational advantage through deception. In other words, one guilty of fraud cannot be allowed, by the operation of law, to profit by that fraud. Public policy requires that perpetrators of fraud, like willful slayers, be deprived of the fruits of their wrongdoing.

The law of misrepresentation protects a plaintiff's interest in formulating business judgments without being misled by others into making unwise decisions which result in financial loss.⁴

The policy behind strict responsibility for misrepresentation is that the speaker should know the pertinent facts of which he or she is speaking, or else the speaker should not speak.⁵

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Footnotes

- Woods Farmers Co-op. Elevator Co. v. Z-Mega Farms Ltd. Partnership I, 95 F.3d 693 (8th Cir. 1996).
- ² Otero v. Jordan Restaurant Enterprises, 1996-NMSC-047, 122 N.M. 187, 922 P.2d 569 (1996).
- Matter of Estate of O'Keefe, 1998 SD 92, 583 N.W.2d 138 (S.D. 1998).
- Carpenter v. Scherer-Mountain Ins. Agency, 135 Ohio App. 3d 316, 733 N.E.2d 1196 (4th Dist. Lawrence County 1999)
- ⁵ Reda v. Sincaban, 145 Wis. 2d 266, 426 N.W.2d 100 (Ct. App. 1988).

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